



GTT Protocol

For all variants of the GTT35A, GTT38A, GTT43A, GTT50A & GTT70A

Protocol Manual

Revision 2.2

Firmware Revision: 2.0 or Higher

Revision History

Revision	Date	Description	Author
2.2	21 October 2014	Added Region Activation Features, Improved Readability	Clark
2.1	8 April 2014	Added Scripting, Label, and Trace Features	Clark
2.0	8 October 2013	Initial Release	Clark

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1 Introduction

1.1 Communication

Settings

The multiple communication protocols available and simple command structure of the GTT mean that a variety of applications can be used to communicate with the display. Basic default settings for serial protocols, including USB, TTL, RS232, and RS422, as well as I²C are shown below.

Table 1: Serial Communication Settings

Speed	Data Bits	Parity	Stop Bits	Flow Control
115.2Kbps	8	None	1	Hardware

Table 2: I²C Communication Settings

Write	Read	Speed
80 _d	81 _d	Up to 400KHz

Transmission

By default, all bytes sent to the display are printed using the default font and standard ASCII encoding. For example, if the user sends the decimal value 65 to the display, an upper case 'A' will appear on the display. The module also responds to a few ASCII control characters. The functionality of these characters can be toggled between Windows and UNIX compatibility modes using the Control Character Mode command. The default behavior is Unix mode.

Table 3: Control Characters

	UNIX Compatibility Mode	Windows Compatibility Mode
7	The bell character will signal the Default Beep	The bell character will signal the Default Beep
10	Move the text insertion point to the beginning of the next line down	Move the text insertion point down one line
13	Move the text insertion point to the beginning of the next line down	Move the text insertion point back to the beginning of the current line

Finally, when the display detects the command prefix character 254, it will enter a command processing state and await the command number and its parameters. Multiple bytes are transferred in Big Endian format. Once the command is finished, the display will automatically return to displaying all bytes sent.

Return Messages

When the display must return data to the host, it will use a standard message format. Each message will begin with the return message prefix 252, followed by the command number generating the message, a short value containing the length of the data in the message, and finally the data in the message.

Table 4: Example Return Message

Prefix	Message ID	Length	Data
252	47	0 3	255 255 255

The sample above shows the expected return values from the Get Font Colour command. In this manual, expected return messages are described below any required parameters.



1.2 Basic Features

Drawing

The most basic commands available for the GTT line are the drawing features. Simple shapes, from pixels to triangles, can easily be drawn on the unit using a number of available commands. It should be noted that the coordinate system of the GTT references the top left pixel as 0,0 and increments positively to the right and down, as shown below.

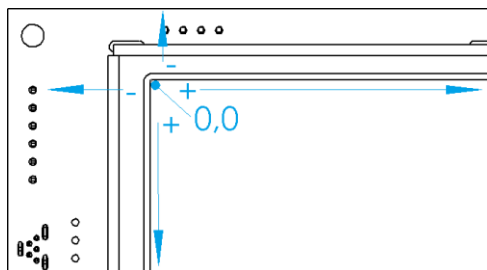


Figure 1: Pixel coordinate orientation (GTT43A shown)

The drawing colour can be set globally by specifying values for red, green, and blue channels, and will default to white. The Get Display Metrics function will report the number of bits available for each colour channel. The GTT will use the highest bits of any colour specified, dropping the lowest if necessary. For example, if the display uses 5 bits for red, setting the drawing colour to any value between 0 and 7 will result in the same, black, colour.

In addition to basic drawing commands, the GTT offers a number of more advanced features that enable complex graphical environments to be created with ease.

Graphs

Graphs simplify the visual display of numerical information on the screen by taking care of the calculations and placement of graphics. Once a graph is created, only the new value needs to be sent to update it. The ratio of the new value to the minimum and maximum levels is automatically calculated, and the graphic is updated. 9-Slice graphs also allow for complex graphics to be used for more detailed rendering. Graph information is stored in a series of graph locations. A unique index is specified when a graph is created, and used to reference the graph in future commands.

1.3 Mass Storage

When powered with a jumper on the "A" side of the mass storage jumper, the unit will appear to any PC as a mass storage device when connected via the Mass Storage USB header. The onboard SD memory card is used to store all user fonts, bitmaps, 9-slices, animations and start-up settings.

At run time, files can be loaded from the mass storage SD card into specific memory buffers for use as outlined below. Each font, bitmap, 9-slice, animation, label, and trace buffer has 256 unique index slots available, and up to 32MB of data can be stored across all buffers at any one time.



Fonts

TrueType Font (.ttf) files can be uploaded to the SD memory card, loaded into a font buffer, and used to display customizable text. Commands are provided to modify the size, colour, and rendering of the loaded text. True Type Font files can be copied from your Windows Fonts folder or downloaded online.

Bitmaps

Bitmaps typically display static graphic information, but can also be used to create dynamic touch regions or animations. Furthermore, a specific transparent colour can be selected via command. Please note that transparency in the images themselves is not supported; all bitmaps should have no more than 8 bits per channel and only 3 colour channels. Supported extensions are .bmp, .gif, .jpg, and .png.

9-slices

The 9-Slice file format is a simple text file that describes how to take a bitmap, and slice it into portions to allow simple and elegant scaling. A simple rounded button example would appear as follows:

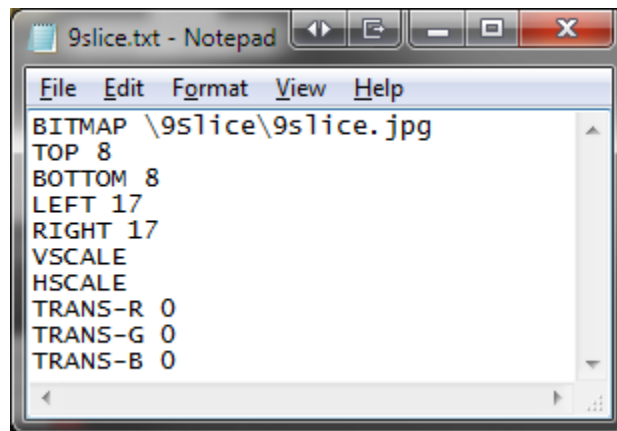


Figure 2: 9-Slice File Example

Each line must start with a keyword, followed by parameters. If a line contains an unrecognized keyword, the line is ignored. Keywords are defined in the Example Keypad Response table.

Table 5: 9-slice Keywords

Keyword	Parameters	Description
BITMAP	1	Following the keyword, the bitmap that will be sliced is specified
TOP	1	Specifies how many pixels will be used from the top, for the top slice
BOTTOM	1	Specifies how many pixels will be used from the bottom, for the bottom slice
LEFT	1	Specifies how many pixels will be used from the left, for the left slice
RIGHT	1	Specifies how many pixels will be used from the right, for the right slice
VSCALE	0	If this keyword is present, when the 9-Slice is resized it will stretch the middle left and middle right slices to fill the space required. Without this keyword present, the tile will be repeated from the top down to fill the space.
HSCALE	0	If this keyword is present, when the 9-Slice is resized it will stretch the middle top and middle bottom slices to fill the space required. Without this keyword present, the tile will be repeated from the left to right to fill the space.
TRANS-R	1	The red component of the colour to make transparent in the 9-Slice
TRANS-G	1	The green component of the colour to make transparent in the 9-Slice
TRANS-B	1	The blue component of the colour to make transparent in the 9-Slice



Animations

While the image data for animations is stored in the Animation buffer, the actual state of animations is stored in a separate location. This allows animations to be removed from the screen, but remain in buffer memory. The animation descriptor file is a simple text file, with a series of lines of times to display a frame, and a path from the root directory to a bitmap file to use for that frame. For example:

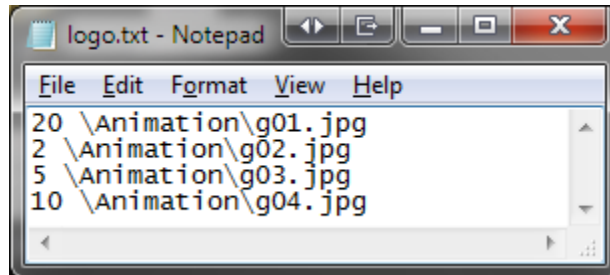


Figure 3: Animation File Example

The above example defines the first four frames of a sample logo animation stored in the Animation folder, with each frame displayed for 20ms, 2ms, 5ms, and 10ms respectively.

1.1 Scripting

The Autoexec File

On startup, the module will check the root directory of the SD card for a file named AUTOEXEC. If that file exists, it will be loaded directly into the in buffer and parsed as if it came from the input communications port. This is useful for having custom power on defaults. Simply place the binary stream of values that the module should execute on startup in the AUTOEXEC. The default autoexec file below, which ships from the factory, loads and displays a start screen before clearing the bitmap buffer.

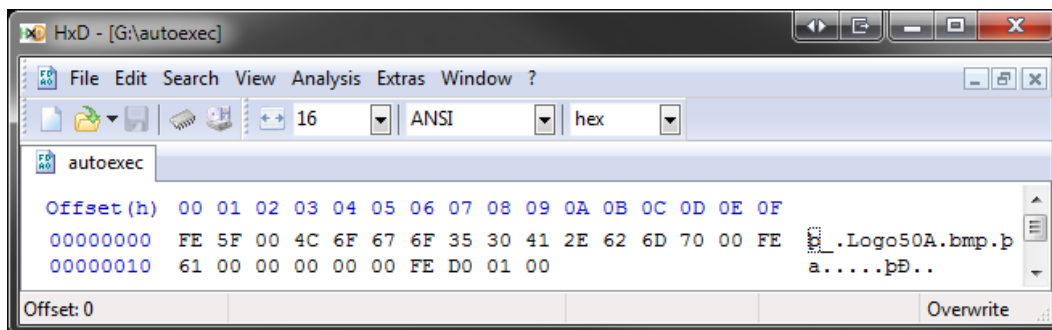


Figure 4: Autoexec File Example

Please note, if a command is started within the AUTOEXEC, however is not completed with the data in the AUTOEXEC, the command will wait for data from the serial port to complete the command. After which, the module will return to normal operations. The AUTOEXEC file is a special example of the script feature available on the GTT line.



1.2 Interactive Input

Keypad

Unique values can be assigned for up to 25 keys. When a key event occurs it will be saved to a 20 key buffer. Key events will generate a return message that can be transmitted immediately or polled by toggling the auto transmit key press command. A sample return message is shown below.

Table 6: Example Keypad Response

Prefix	Message ID	Length		Event	Key ID
252	165	0	2	0	65

Key presses will have a message ID of 165, and a data length equal to the number of bytes currently in the key buffer. Each key value will be preceded by an event byte as per the Keypad Event Types table.

Table 7: Keypad Event Types

Value	0	1	2
Event	Press	Release	Repeat

Touch

Touch input* allows the screen to return various types of up, down and move messages depending on the reporting style. Two distinct styles are available: region and coordinate. Both generate a return message with an identification number of 135, followed by event information.

Table 8: Touch Event Types

Value	0	1	2
Event	Down	Up	Move

In coordinate mode, the GTT will send an event type as listed above followed by signed short x and y coordinates of the touch location.

Table 9: Example Co-ordinate Response

Prefix	Message ID	Length		Event	X	Y
252	135	0	5	0	0 50	0 10

In region mode, rectangular buttons are defined on the screen. When touch activities occur within regions, a visual update accompanies the event report listed in the Touch Event Types table. Events that occur outside defined regions may be reported as Region 255, when reporting is turned on.

Table 10: Example Region Response

Prefix	Message ID	Length		Event	Region
252	135	0	2	0	5

***Note:** Please ensure your touch screen is calibrated correctly by locating a touchcal.dat file within the SYSTEM folder of your SD Card. If necessary, calibration can be performed using the Calibrate Touch Screen command.



Region File

Touch regions may be defined using a simple text file for speed and greater ease of use. Each line in a region file describes a single touch. There must be no leading blank spaces, only a single space between each field, and no trailing spaces. Bitmap buffers specified must be pre-loaded with desired images. An example of the first row of the calculator demo is shown below.

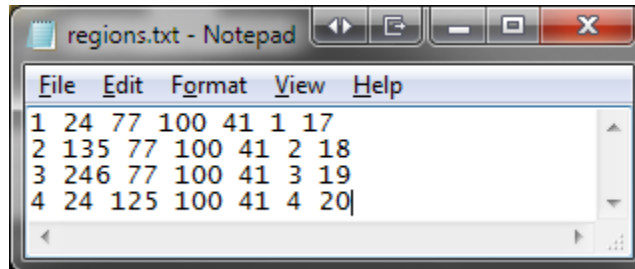


Figure 5: Region File Example

The file above would define four touch regions. The first has an index of 1 is positioned at coordinates (24, 77), a width of 100, and a height of 41. When it is pressed the bitmap in bitmap index 1 will be displayed, and when it is not pressed bitmap 17 will be displayed. Three similar regions follow this one.

1.3 Support Tools

Downloaded from <http://www.matrixorbital.ca/software/>, the GTT Project support tool provides a simple graphic interface with the full library of GTT series commands. This program allows users to drag and drop commands into a list that can be transmitted to the GTT, saved, and even loaded for later use.

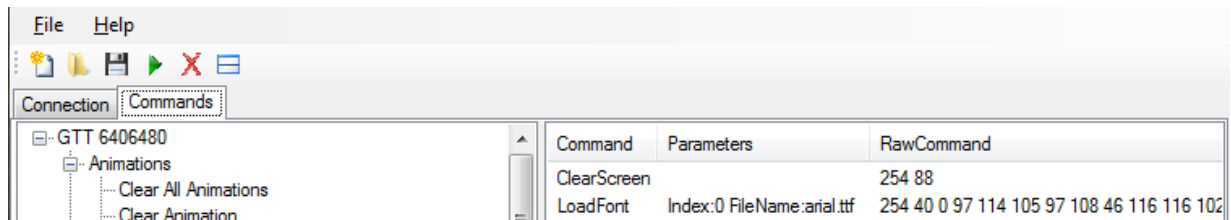


Figure 6: GTT Support Tools

Command lists can also be converted into binary files using the save as feature. This will allow easy creation of an AUTOEXEC, or other script files. Finally, the support tool provides a debug window that will display the data flow to and from your GTT to ensure your command list executes correctly.

1.4 Firmware Upgrades

After release, Matrix Orbital may publish updates to the GTT code base or functionality that can be easily applied to the unit in the field. While in mass storage mode, place the latest upgrade.bin file from <http://www.matrixorbital.ca/software/GTT2.0/> into the GTT upgrade folder. Then, cycle power to the unit, watch the screen for status updates, and wait for the screen to reboot. Finally, replace the GTT in your application and enjoy the new additions to the display you've come to know and love.



1.5 Application Notes

Full demonstration programs and code are available for many different Matrix Orbital displays in a number of different languages from the Application Note section at www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes.

In addition, all files required to run the short examples described in the Advanced Features section are available for download from www.matrixorbital.ca/manuals/GTT_Series. Each example runs as an autoexec script and is described in the Instructions document.

Finally, a self-contained demo highlighting many of the features available in the GTT line is available at www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes/GTT20FeatureDemo. No code is required as all functionality is provided through scripts. Simply copy the required files to your GTT to run the interactive demo.

For additional information regarding the features implemented, please see the Commands section below. If you have any questions please don't hesitate to contact a knowledgeable Matrix Orbital technical support representative.



2 Commands

2.1 Basic Commands

1.1 Set Customer Data	Dec	254 52	Length Data	2.0
	Hex	FE 34	Length Data	
	ASCII	þ 4	Length Data	

Write up to 255 bytes of data to the userdata.dat file in the \system\ folder of the SD card. This data can be used for any purpose the end user sees fit including unit identification, network information, system settings, or anything else specific to the module.

Length	Byte	Length of the data to be transferred, in bytes.
Data	Byte(s)	Data to be written to the SD card.

1.2 Get Customer Data	Dec	254 53	2.0
	Hex	FE 35	
	ASCII	þ 5	

Read data from the userdata.dat file in the \system\ folder of the SD card, previously written using the Write Customer Data command.

Return Message	252 53 Length	Length Data
Length	Byte	Length of the data to be transferred, in bytes.
Data	Byte(s)	Data read from the SD Card.

1.3 Set Backlight Brightness	Dec	254 153	Brightness	2.0
	Hex	FE 99	Brightness	
	ASCII	þ ™	Brightness	

Set the brightness of the display backlight.

Brightness	Byte	The backlight brightness, a value between 0 (off) and 255 (maximum).
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1.4 Get Backlight Brightness	Dec	254 154	2.0
	Hex	FE 9A	
	ASCII	þ š	

Read the current backlight brightness setting.

Return Message	252 154 Length	Brightness
Brightness	Byte	The current backlight brightness.

1.5 Write ScratchPad	Dec	254 204	Index Length Data	2.0
	Hex	FE CC	Index Length Data	
	ASCII	þ ì	Index Length Data	

Write data to volatile memory for temporary storage during operation. Total memory size is 512 bytes.

Index	Short	Starting index of the data to be written.
Length	Short	Length of the data to be transferred, in bytes.
Data	Byte(s)	Data to temporarily save in volatile memory.



1.6 Read ScratchPad	Dec	254 205	Index Length	2.0
	Hex	FE CD	Index Length	
	ASCII	p í	Index Length	
Read data previously stored in a specific section of volatile memory.				
Index	Short	Starting index of the data to be read.		
Length	Short	Length of the data requested.		
Return Message	252 205 Length	Length Result		
Length	Short	Length of the data to be transferred, in bytes.		
Result	Byte(s)	Data read from specified location in volatile memory.		

2.2 Communication

2.1 Enter Mass Storage Mode	Dec	254 4		2.0
	Hex	FE 04		
	ASCII	p [EOT]		
Force the display to enter mass storage mode. Useful for programmatically initiating a file transfer.				

2.2 Set Communication Channel	Dec	254 5	Channel	2.0
	Hex	FE 05	Channel	
	ASCII	p [ENQ]	Channel	
Set the default communication channel to be used for event driven data transmission; keypad or touch messages, for example. The GTT will always answer user driven requests on the same channel they were transmitted.				
Channel	Byte	Communication channel type, as per eChannel values.		

Table 11: eChannel values

Value	Description
0	None
1	Serial
2	I2C
3	USB
4	CAN
5	SPI
255	Current

2.3 Set Baud Rate	Dec	254 57	BaudRate	2.0
	Hex	FE 39	BaudRate	
	ASCII	p 9	BaudRate	
Change the serial data rate used by the module. The change is implemented immediately after the last parameter byte has been received. Baud rate will reset to 115,200 on power up unless otherwise defined in the autoexec file. Serial command only.				
BaudRate	Integer	The desired baud rate value.		



2.4 Set Flow Control Mode	Dec	254 58	FlowControl	2.0
	Hex	FE 3A	FlowControl	
	ASCII	p :	FlowControl	
Toggle flow control between hardware and off settings. Default is RTSCTS. Serial command only.				
FlowControl	Byte	Flow control setting, as per eFlowControl values.		

Table 12: eFlowControl values

Value	Description
0	Off
1	RTSCTS

2.5 Set I2C Address	Dec	254 247	I2CAddress	2.0
	Hex	FE F7	I2CAddress	
	ASCII	p ÷	I2CAddress	
Immediately change the I2C write address. Only even values are permitted as the next odd address will become the read address. Default 8 bit address is 80 decimal (0x50 hex). I2C command only.				
I2CAddress	Byte	I2C write address, must be an even value.		

2.6 Echo	Dec	254 255	Message	2.0
	Hex	FE FF	Message	
	ASCII	p ÿ	Message	
Echo a string that is sent to the display. This command can be used to test communication or indicate completion of a successful power up when placed in the autoexec file.				
Message	ASCII String	An arbitrary string that the module will return. Limited to 4KB in length.		
Return Message	252 255 Length	ReturnMessage		
ReturnMessage	ASCII String	The same arbitrary string originally sent.		



2.3 Module

3.1 Get Protocol Revision	Dec	254 0	2.0
	Hex	FE 00	
	ASCII	␣ [NUL]	

Read the firmware version currently used by the display. Minor revisions will indicate an addition only, while major revisions will alter or remove commands; consult the appropriate PCN for more information on changes. For each command in this manual, the minimum firmware version required is listed at the top right.

Return Message	252 0 Length	Major Minor
Major	Byte	Major revision of the protocol used.
Minor	Byte	Minor revision of the protocol used.

3.2 Reset Module	Dec	254 1	2.0
	Hex	FE 01	
	ASCII	␣ [SOH]	

Initiate a soft reset of the display. The standard start up sequence will ensue and all settings will revert to defaults.

3.3 Delay	Dec	254 2	Time	2.0
	Hex	FE 02	Time	
	ASCII	␣ [STX]	Time	

Pause command execution to and responses from the display for the specified length of time.

Time	Short	Length of delay in milliseconds.
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3.4 Get Display Metrics	Dec	254 3	2.0
	Hex	FE 03	
	ASCII	␣ [ETX]	

Read the current width, height, and colour resolution of the display.

Return Message	252 3 Length	Width Height BitsRed BitsGreen BitsBlue
Width	Short	The width of the current display resolution in pixels.
Height	Short	The height of the current display resolution in pixels.
BitsRed	Byte	The number of bits used in the red channel. When less than 8 bits, byte length colour commands use the highest bits.
BitsGreen	Byte	The number of bits used in the green channel. When less than 8 bits, byte length colour commands use the highest bits.
BitsBlue	Byte	The number of bits used in the blue channel. When less than 8 bits, byte length colour commands use the highest bits.

3.5 Get Module Version	Dec	254 54	2.0
	Hex	FE 36	
	ASCII	␣ 6	

Read the specific hardware revision of the module.

Return Message	252 54 Length	Major Minor
Major	Byte	Major revision of the hardware used.
Minor	Byte	Minor revision of the hardware used.



3.6 Get Module Type	Dec	254 55	2.0
	Hex	FE 37	
	ASCII	p 7	
Read a two byte value that can be used to identify the display.			
Return Message	252 55 Length	Module	
Module	Short	The unique number of the module, as per eModule values.	

Table 13: eModule values

Value	Description
37638	GTT35A
37648	GTT38A
37633	GTT43A
37634	GTT50A
37635	GTT57A
37636	GTT70A

3.7 Get Module String	Dec	254 56	2.0
	Hex	FE 38	
	ASCII	p 8	
Read the name of the module in string format.			
Return Message	252 56 Length	ModuleString	
ModuleString	ASCII String	The name of the module.	



2.4 Drawing

4.1 Set Background Drawing Colour	Dec	254 86	R G B	2.0
	Hex	FE 56	R G B	
	ASCII	þ V	R G B	

Set the display colour when the Clear Screen command is sent. The default colour on startup is black.

R	Byte	Intensity of red, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.
G	Byte	Intensity of green, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.
B	Byte	Intensity of blue, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.

4.2 Get Background Drawing Colour	Dec	254 87	2.0
	Hex	FE 57	
	ASCII	þ W	

Read the background colour that is currently being used by all drawing commands.

Return Message	252 87 Length	R G B
R	Byte	Intensity of red, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.
G	Byte	Intensity of green, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.
B	Byte	Intensity of blue, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.

4.3 Clear Screen	Dec	254 88	2.0
	Hex	FE 58	
	ASCII	þ X	

Clear the screen, and reset the coordinates for both continued line and font insertion commands to zero.

4.4 Scroll Screen	Dec	254 89	X Y Width Height MoveX MoveY	2.0
	Hex	FE 59	X Y Width Height MoveX MoveY	
	ASCII	þ Y	X Y Width Height MoveX MoveY	

Scroll the contents of a specified portion of the screen.

X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the scroll window.
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the scroll window.
Width	Signed Short	Width of the scroll window.
Height	Signed Short	Height of the scroll window.
MoveX	Signed Short	Number of pixels to scroll horizontally.
MoveY	Signed Short	Number of pixels to scroll vertically.



4.5 Enable Manual Update	Dec	254 90	Enable	2.0
	Hex	FE 5A	Enable	
	ASCII	p Z	Enable	
Stop all drawing commands from automatically updating the screen, send them to the display buffer, and allow a manual update to execute all updates at one time. Useful for displaying a complicated image as a single visual update. Default is disabled.				
Enable	Byte	Desired manual update setting, as per eEnable values.		

Table 14: eEnable values

Value	Description
0	Disable
1	Enable

4.6 Manual Update	Dec	254 91	2.0
	Hex	FE 5B	
	ASCII	p [
Immediately push the contents of the display buffer to the screen. This has no effect if manual update is disabled.			

4.7 Flush Region	Dec	254 92	X Y Width Height	2.0
	Hex	FE 5C	X Y Width Height	
	ASCII	p \	X Y Width Height	
Manually flush all graphic data in a specified region to the screen.				
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the flush window.		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the flush window.		
Width	Signed Short	Width of the flush window.		
Height	Signed Short	Height of the flush window.		

4.8 Set Drawing Colour	Dec	254 99	R G B	2.0
	Hex	FE 63	R G B	
	ASCII	p c	R G B	
Set the colour to be used for all future drawing commands. The default colour is white.				
R	Byte	Intensity of red, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		
G	Byte	Intensity of green, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		
B	Byte	Intensity of blue, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		



4.9 Get Drawing Colour	Dec	254 100	2.0
	Hex	FE 64	
	ASCII	p d	
Read the colour that is currently being used by all drawing commands.			
Return Message	252 100 Length	R G B	
R	Byte	Intensity of red, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.	
G	Byte	Intensity of green, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.	
B	Byte	Intensity of blue, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.	

4.10 Continue Line	Dec	254 101	X Y	2.0
	Hex	FE 65	X Y	
	ASCII	p e	X Y	
Draw a line from the last point drawn to the coordinate specified using the current drawing colour. The last stored point is automatically updated from Draw Pixel, Draw Line, and Continue Line commands.				
X	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of line terminus.		
Y	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of line terminus		

4.11 Draw Line	Dec	254 108	X1 Y1 X2 Y2	2.0
	Hex	FE 6C	X1 Y1 X2 Y2	
	ASCII	p l	X1 Y1 X2 Y2	
Draw a line connecting two termini using the current drawing colour. Lines may be rendered differently when drawn right to left versus left to right.				
X1	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of first line terminus.		
Y1	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of first line terminus.		
X2	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of second line terminus.		
Y2	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of second line terminus.		

4.12 Draw Pixel	Dec	254 112	X Y	2.0
	Hex	FE 70	X Y	
	ASCII	p p	X Y	
Draw a single pixel at the specified coordinate using the current drawing colour.				
X	Signed Short	Horizontal position of pixel to be drawn.		
Y	Signed Short	Vertical position of pixel to be drawn.		

4.13 Draw Rectangle	Dec	254 114	X Y Width Height	2.0
	Hex	FE 72	X Y Width Height	
	ASCII	p r	X Y Width Height	
Draw a rectangular frame one pixel wide using the current drawing colour.				
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the rectangle.		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the rectangle.		
Width	Short	Width of the rectangle.		
Height	Short	Height of the rectangle.		



4.14 Draw Filled Rectangle	Dec	254 120	X Y Width Height	2.0
	Hex	FE 78	X Y Width Height	
	ASCII	p x	X Y Width Height	
Draw a filled rectangle using the current drawing colour.				
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the rectangle.		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the rectangle.		
Width	Short	Width of the rectangle.		
Height	Short	Height of the rectangle.		

4.15 Draw Circle	Dec	254 123	X Y Radius	2.0
	Hex	FE 7B	X Y Radius	
	ASCII	p {	X Y Radius	
Draw a circular frame one pixel wide using the current drawing colour.				
X	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of circle centre.		
Y	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of circle centre.		
Radius	Short	Radius of the circle. Diameter will be twice radius, plus one centre pixel.		

4.16 Draw Filled Circle	Dec	254 124	X Y Radius	2.0
	Hex	FE 7C	X Y Radius	
	ASCII	p 	X Y Radius	
Draw a filled circle using the current drawing colour.				
X	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of circle centre.		
Y	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of circle centre.		
Radius	Short	Radius of the circle. Diameter will be twice radius, plus one centre pixel.		

4.17 Draw an Ellipse	Dec	254 125	X Y XRadius YRadius	2.0
	Hex	FE 7D	X Y XRadius YRadius	
	ASCII	p }	X Y XRadius YRadius	
Draw an elliptical frame one pixel wide using the current drawing colour.				
X	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of ellipse centre.		
Y	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of ellipse centre.		
XRadius	Short	Horizontal Radius of the ellipse.		
YRadius	Short	Vertical Radius of the ellipse.		

4.18 Draw a Filled Ellipse	Dec	254 126	X Y XRadius YRadius	2.0
	Hex	FE 7E	X Y XRadius YRadius	
	ASCII	p ~	X Y XRadius YRadius	
Draw a filled ellipse using the current drawing colour.				
X	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of ellipse centre.		
Y	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of ellipse centre.		
XRadius	Short	Horizontal Radius of the ellipse.		
YRadius	Short	Vertical Radius of the ellipse.		



4.19 Draw Rounded Rectangle	Dec	254 127	X Y Width Height Radius	2.0
	Hex	FE 7F	X Y Width Height Radius	
	ASCII	p □	X Y Width Height Radius	
Draw a rectangular frame one pixel wide with rounded corners using the current drawing colour. The radius must be equal to or less than half the length of the smallest side of the rectangle.				
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the rectangle		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the rectangle		
Width	Signed Short	Width of the rectangle.		
Height	Signed Short	Height of the rectangle.		
Radius	Short	Radius of the rounded corners.		

4.20 Draw Filled Rounded Rectangle	Dec	254 128	X Y Width Height Radius	2.0
	Hex	FE 80	X Y Width Height Radius	
	ASCII	p €	X Y Width Height Radius	
Draw a filled rectangle with rounded corners using the current drawing colour. The radius must be equal to or less than half the length of the smallest side of the rectangle.				
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the rectangle		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the rectangle		
Width	Signed Short	Width of the rectangle.		
Height	Signed Short	Height of the rectangle.		
Radius	Short	Radius of the rounded corners.		

4.21 Draw Triangle	Dec	254 129	X1 Y1 X2 Y2 X3 Y3	2.0
	Hex	FE 81	X1 Y1 X2 Y2 X3 Y3	
	ASCII	p ▽	X1 Y1 X2 Y2 X3 Y3	
Draw a triangular frame one pixel wide using the current drawing colour.				
X1	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of the first point.		
Y1	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of the first point.		
X2	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of the second point.		
Y2	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of the second point.		
X3	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of the third point.		
Y3	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of the third point.		

4.22 Draw Filled Triangle	Dec	254 130	X1 Y1 X2 Y2 X3 Y3	2.0
	Hex	FE 82	X1 Y1 X2 Y2 X3 Y3	
	ASCII	p ,	X1 Y1 X2 Y2 X3 Y3	
Draw a filled triangle using the current drawing colour.				
X1	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of the first point.		
Y1	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of the first point.		
X2	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of the second point.		
Y2	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of the second point.		
X3	Signed Short	Horizontal coordinate of the third point.		
Y3	Signed Short	Vertical coordinate of the third point.		



2.5 Buffers

5.1 Load Font	Dec	254 40	Index FileName	2.0
	Hex	FE 28	Index FileName	
	ASCII	b (Index FileName	
Load a font file from the SD card into a font buffer for use.				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the font. Specific to fonts.		
FileName	ASCII String	Filename, including path from the root folder, of the font file to load.		
Return Message	252 40 Length	Result		
Result	Byte	Outcome of Load Font command, as per eErrorCode values.		

Table 15: eErrorCode values

Value	Description
0	File Not Found
1	Invalid Bitmap File Format
2	Invalid 9Slice Metrics
3	Invalid 9Slice Index
4	Invalid Bitmap Index
5	Invalid Bargraph Index
6	Invalid Animation Index
7	Invalid Animation File Format
8	Invalid Font Index
9	Invalid Command Parameters
10	Display is out of RAM
11	Invalid Region File Format
12	Invalid Touch Calibration
13	Successful Touch Calibration
14	Invalid File Format
15	Invalid Trace Index
16	Invalid Touch Region
254	Success
255	Unknown Exception

5.2 Load Bitmap	Dec	254 95	Index FileName	2.0
	Hex	FE 5F	Index FileName	
	ASCII	b _	Index FileName	
Load a bitmap file from the SD card into a bitmap buffer for use. Supported formats are BMP, GIF, JPG, and PNG (all in RGB format only, an alpha channel is not supported).				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the bitmap. Specific to bitmaps, and screen rectangles.		
FileName	ASCII String	Filename, including path from the root folder, of the bitmap file to load.		
Return Message	252 95 Length	Result		
Result	Byte	Outcome of Load Bitmap command, as per eErrorCode values.		



5.3 Copy Screen Rectangle	Dec	254 96	Index X Y Width Height	2.0
	Hex	FE 60	Index X Y Width Height	
	ASCII	p `	Index X Y Width Height	

Save a rectangular region of the screen to a bitmap buffer, allowing it to be recalled at a later time.

Index	Byte	Index used to identify the screen section. Specific to bitmaps and screen rectangles.
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate.
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate.
Width	Short	Width of the screen section.
Height	Short	Height of the screen section.

5.4 Load 9-Slice	Dec	254 144	Index Filename	2.0
	Hex	FE 90	Index Filename	
	ASCII	p @	Index Filename	

Load a 9-slice file from the SD card into a 9-Slice buffer for use.

Index	Byte	Index used to identify the 9-slice. Specific to 9-slices.
Filename	ASCII String	Filename, including path from the root folder, of the 9-Slice file to load.
Return Message	252 144 Length	Result
Result	Byte	Outcome of Load Nine Slice command, as per eErrorCode values.

5.5 Load Animation	Dec	254 192	Index Filename	2.0
	Hex	FE C0	Index Filename	
	ASCII	p À	Index Filename	

Load an animation file from the SD card into an animation buffer for use. Refer to the Animations entry in the Features section for more information.

Index	Byte	Index used to identify the animation. Specific to animations.
Filename	ASCII String	Filename, including path from the root folder, of the animation file to load.

5.6 Clear A Buffer	Dec	254 208	Type Index	2.0
	Hex	FE D0	Type Index	
	ASCII	p Đ	Type Index	

Clear all data from a specific index of the selected buffer type, freeing buffer memory. Note, Labels and Traces save a background image to buffer memory upon initialization.

Type	Byte	Type of buffer to clear, as per eBuffers values.
Index	Byte	Index of the file to be cleared from buffer memory.

Table 16: eBuffers values

Value	Description
0	Animations
1	Bitmaps
2	NineSlices
3	Fonts
4	Labels
5	Traces



5.7 Clear All Buffers	Dec	254 209	2.0
	Hex	FE D1	
	ASCII	þ Ñ	
Clear all data from all buffers, freeing significant buffer memory.			



2.6 Text

6.1 Create a Label	Dec	254 16	Index X Y Width Height Rot VJst HJst Font R G B	2.1
	Hex	FE 10	Index X Y Width Height Rot VJst HJst Font R G B	
	ASCII	p [DLE]	Index X Y Width Height Rot VJst HJst Font R G B	
Designate a portion of the screen that can easily be updated with one line of text; useful when displaying variables.				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the label. Specific to labels.		
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the label region.		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the label region.		
Width	Signed Short	Width of the label region in pixels.		
Height	Signed Short	Height of the label region in pixels.		
Rot	Signed Short	Rotation of the text within the label.		
VJst	Byte	Vertical justification of text within the label, as per eFontAlignVertical values.		
HJst	Byte	Horizontal justification of text within the label, as per eFontAlignHorizontal values.		
Font	Byte	Font index of a previously loaded font to be used for the label.		
R	Byte	Intensity of red, 0 to 255, used for label font colour.		
G	Byte	Intensity of green, 0 to 255, used for label font colour.		
B	Byte	Intensity of blue, 0 to 255, used for label font colour.		

Table 17: eFontAlignVertical values

Value	Description
0	Top
1	Bottom
2	Center

Table 18: eFontAlignHorizontal values

Value	Description
0	Left
1	Right
2	Center

6.2 Update a Label	Dec	254 17	Index Format Value	2.1
	Hex	FE 11	Index Format Value	
	ASCII	p	Index Format Value	
Update a previously defined label with new text. Send a null character (empty string) to clear a label.				
Index	Byte	Index previously assigned to a defined label.		
Format	Byte	Format of the string, as per eLabelFormat values.		
Value	String	New string to display within the label. The string must match the format specified and should be capitalized and one line in height.		

Table 19: eLabelFormat values

Value	Description
0	ASCII
1	Unicode
2	UTF-8



6.3 Print Unicode String	Dec	254 36	Text	2.0
	Hex	FE 24	Text	
	ASCII	þ \$	Text	
Print a Unicode formatted string on the screen, using the current font.				
Length	Short	Length of the Unicode string to be transmitted, in characters.		
Text	Unicode String	Unicode formatted string.		

6.4 Print UTF-8 String	Dec	254 37	Text	2.0
	Hex	FE 25	Text	
	ASCII	þ %	Text	
Print a UTF-8 formatted string on the screen, using the current font.				
Text	String	UTF-8 formatted string.		

6.5 Set Control Character Mode	Dec	254 38	Mode	2.0
	Hex	FE 26	Mode	
	ASCII	þ &	Mode	
Set the behaviour of defined control characters. Default is Unix mode.				
Mode	Byte	Desired control character mode, as per eControlCharacterMode values.		

Table 20: eControlCharacterMode values

Value	Description
0	Unix
1	Windows

6.6 Get Control Character Mode	Dec	254 39	2.0
	Hex	FE 27	
	ASCII	þ '	
Read the current control character mode.			
Return Message	252 39 Length	Mode	
Mode	Byte	Current control character mode, as per eControlCharacterMode values.	

6.7 Get String Extents	Dec	254 42	Text	2.0
	Hex	FE 2A	Text	
	ASCII	þ *	Text	
Read the size of the rectangle that the specified string would occupy if it was rendered with the current font. This is useful for positioning and clearing text on the display. Note, the baseline is not provided.				
Text	ASCII String	String whose extents are desired.		
Return Message	252 42 Length	Width Height		
Width	Short	Width of the rendered string.		
Height	Short	Height of the rendered string. Includes ascender and descender heights.		



6.8 Set Text Window	Dec	254 43	X Y Width Height	2.0
	Hex	FE 2B	X Y Width Height	
	ASCII	p +	X Y Width Height	
Create an invisible rectangle to which future text and insertion commands will be confined.				
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the text window.		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the text window.		
Width	Short	Width of the text window.		
Height	Short	Height of the text window.		

6.9 Get Text Window	Dec	254 44		2.0
	Hex	FE 2C		
	ASCII	p ,		
Read the extents of the current text window.				
Return Message	252 44 Length	X Y Width Height		
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the text window.		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the text window.		
Width	Short	Height of the text window.		
Height	Short	Height of the text window.		

6.10 Reset Font	Dec	254 45		2.0
	Hex	FE 2D		
	ASCII	p -		
Reset the font in slot 0 to the default GTT style with the last selected colour.				

6.11 Set Text Colour	Dec	254 46	R G B	2.0
	Hex	FE 2E	R G B	
	ASCII	p .	R G B	
Set the colour of all subsequent text rendered in the current font, current text and other fonts are not affected.				
R	Byte	Intensity of red, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		
G	Byte	Intensity of green, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		
B	Byte	Intensity of blue, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		

6.12 Get Text Colour	Dec	254 47		2.0
	Hex	FE 2F		
	ASCII	p /		
Read the current text colour of the font in use.				
Return Message	252 47 Length	R G B		
R	Byte	Intensity of red, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		
G	Byte	Intensity of green, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		
B	Byte	Intensity of blue, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		



6.13 Get Font	Dec	254 48		2.0
	Hex	FE 30		
	ASCII	p 0		
Read the font index of the font currently in use.				
Return Message	252 48 Length		Index	
Index	Byte		Font index used to identify the current font file in the font buffer.	

6.14 Set Font	Dec	254 49	Index	2.0
	Hex	FE 31	Index	
	ASCII	p 1	Index	
Set the current font to one that has been loaded into the font buffer.				
Index	Byte		Font index used to identify the desired font file in the font buffer.	
Return Message	252 49 Length		Result	
Result	Byte		Outcome of Set Current Font command, as per eErrorCode values.	

6.15 Set Font Size	Dec	254 51	PtSize	2.0
	Hex	FE 33	PtSize	
	ASCII	p 3	PtSize	
Set the point size of the current font. Default is 24 point.				
PtSize	Byte		Desired point size for the current font.	

6.16 Get Font Size	Dec	254 61		2.1
	Hex	FE 3D		
	ASCII	p =		
Get the point size of the current font.				
Return Message	252 61 Length		PtSize	
PtSize	Byte		Implemented point size for the current font.	

6.17 Go Home	Dec	254 72		2.0
	Hex	FE 48		
	ASCII	p H		
Set the text insertion point to the upper leftmost corner of the current text window.				

6.18 Set Text Insertion Point	Dec	254 121	X Y	2.0
	Hex	FE 79	X Y	
	ASCII	p y	X Y	
Define the upper left coordinate of the next text string to be displayed, clipped to the current text window.				
X	Signed Short		Desired leftmost coordinate of the insertion point.	
Y	Signed Short		Desired topmost coordinate of the insertion point.	



6.19 Get Text Insertion Point	Dec	254 122	2.0
	Hex	FE 7A	
	ASCII	p z	
Read the upper left coordinate of the next text string to be displayed.			
Return Message	252 122 Length	X Y	
X	Signed Short	Current leftmost coordinate of the insertion point.	
Y	Signed Short	Current topmost coordinate of the insertion point.	

6.20 Set Font Rendering Style	Dec	254 211	RenderType	2.0
	Hex	FE D3	RenderType	
	ASCII	p Ô	RenderType	
Set the font rendering style of the current font. Greyscale offers a more polished appearance at the cost of performance. Default is greyscale.				
RenderType	Byte	Renderertype, as per eFontRenderType values.		

Table 21: eFontRenderType values

Value	Description
0	Grayscale
1	Monochrome

6.21 Set Font Anchor Style	Dec	254 212	AnchorType	2.0
	Hex	FE D4	AnchorType	
	ASCII	p Ô	AnchorType	
Set the anchoring style of the current font, used for positioning commands. Labels use BaseLine only. Default is UpperLeft.				
AnchorType	Byte	Type of anchor, as per eAnchorType values.		

Table 22: eAnchorType values

Value	Description
0	UpperLeft
1	BaseLine



2.7 Bitmaps

7.1 Display Bitmap	Dec	254 97	Index X Y	2.0
	Hex	FE 61	Index X Y	
	ASCII	þ a	Index X Y	
Display a bitmap previously loaded into a bitmap buffer.				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired file in the bitmap buffer.		
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate.		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate.		
Return Message	252 97 Length	Result		
Result	Byte	Outcome of Display Bitmap command, as per eErrorCode values.		

7.2 Set Bitmap Transparency	Dec	254 98	Index R G B	2.0
	Hex	FE 62	Index R G B	
	ASCII	þ b	Index R G B	
Set the transparent colour for all future renderings of a specific bitmap index. Does not affect previously drawn versions of the specified bitmap.				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired file in the bitmap buffer.		
R	Byte	Intensity of red, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		
G	Byte	Intensity of green, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		
B	Byte	Intensity of blue, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		
Return Message	252 98 Length	Result		
Result	Byte	Outcome of Set Bitmap Transparency command, as per eErrorCode values.		



2.8 NineSlices

8.1 Display 9-Slice	Dec	254 145	Index X Y Width Height	2.0
	Hex	FE 91	Index X Y Width Height	
	ASCII	p'	Index X Y Width Height	
Display a 9-slice previously loaded into the 9-slice buffer.				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired file in the 9-slice buffer.		
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate.		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate.		
Width	Short	Width of the 9-slice.		
Height	Short	Height of the 9-slice.		



2.9 Animations

9.1 Set Up Animation	Dec	254 193	Index Instance X Y	2.0
	Hex	FE C1	Index Instance X Y	
	ASCII	p Ã	Index Instance X Y	

Define a region of the screen to be used to display a loaded animation. If an animation is already in use at that index it will be overwritten. Use the start animation command to display and play the file.

Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired file in the animation buffer.
Instance	Byte	Index used to identify the state of a specific animation instance.
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate.
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate.

9.2 Start/Stop Animation	Dec	254 194	Instance State	2.0
	Hex	FE C2	Instance State	
	ASCII	p Ã	Instance State	

Start or stop a specific animation. After it is started, an animation will loop until stopped.

Instance	Byte	Index of a previously defined Animation instance to be started/stopped.
State	Byte	Desired animation state, as per eAnimationState values.

Table 23: eAnimationState values

Value	Description
0	Paused
1	Playing

9.3 Set Animation Frame	Dec	254 195	Instance Frame	2.0
	Hex	FE C3	Instance Frame	
	ASCII	p Ã	Instance Frame	

Set the current frame of a displayed animation. If the frame exceeds the total number present, the animation will be set to the first frame.

Instance	Byte	Index of a previously defined Animation instance whose frame will be changed.
Frame	Byte	Number of the frame to be displayed.

9.4 Get Animation Frame	Dec	254 196	Instance	2.0
	Hex	FE C4	Instance	
	ASCII	p Ã	Instance	

Read the current frame of the specified animation instance.

Instance	Byte	Animation instance upon which the current frame query will be carried out.
Return Message	252 196 Length	Frame
Frame	Byte	Current animation frame.



9.5 Stop All Animations	Dec	254 198		2.0
	Hex	FE C6		
	ASCII	þ Æ		

Stop all currently running animations at their present frame.

9.6 Clear Animation	Dec	254 199	Instance	2.0
	Hex	FE C7	Instance	
	ASCII	þ Ç	Instance	

Stop the specified animation instance at the current frame and remove it from the animation queue. The animation image data will remain loaded in the animation buffer and can be reused by issuing the setup command.

Instance	Byte	Index of specific animation instance to be deleted.
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9.7 Clear All Animations	Dec	254 200		2.0
	Hex	FE C8		
	ASCII	þ È		

Stop all animation instances at their current frames and remove them from the animation queue. Animation image data loaded into buffers will remain, and can be reused by issuing the setup command.

9.8 Resume All Animations	Dec	254 201		2.0
	Hex	FE C9		
	ASCII	þ É		

Resume all stopped animations from their present frame.



2.10 Graphs

10.1 List All Bargraphs	Dec	254 102	2.0
	Hex	FE 66	
	ASCII	þ f	
Read a list of all bargraph entries. Three bytes per entry indicate current display use, type, and current value.			
Return Message	252 102 Length	BarType BarValue	
BarType	Byte	Type of bargraph entry.	
BarValue	Signed Short	Current value of bargraph entry.	

Table 24: eBargraphType values

Value	Description
0	Unused
1	Plain
2	9-Slice

10.2 Define A Plain Bargraph	Dec	254 103	Index Min Max X Y Width Height FGR FGG FGB BGR BGG BGB D	2.0
	Hex	FE 67	Index Min Max X Y Width Height FGR FGG FGB BGR BGG BGB D	
	ASCII	þ g	Index Min Max X Y Width Height FGR FGG FGB BGR BGG BGB D	
Define a region of the screen to be used to display a new plain bargraph identified by the specified index. New indices will overwrite old, invalid directions will default to 0, and inverted min and max values will be corrected.				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired bargraph. Specific to bargraphs.		
Min	Signed Short	Minimum bargraph value.		
Max	Signed Short	Maximum bargraph value.		
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the bargraph.		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the bargraph.		
Width	Signed Short	Width of the bargraph.		
Height	Signed Short	Height of the bargraph.		
FGR	Byte	Red component of the foreground colour.		
FGG	Byte	Green component of the foreground colour.		
FGB	Byte	Blue component of the foreground colour.		
BGR	Byte	Red component of the background colour.		
BGG	Byte	Green component of the background colour.		
BGB	Byte	Blue component of the background colour.		
D	Byte	Direction that the bargraph will take, as per eBargraphType values.		

Table 25: eBargraphOrientation values

Value	Description
0	Bottom To Top
1	Left To Right
2	Right To Left
3	Top To Bottom



10.3 Define A 9-Slice Bargraph	Dec	254 104	Index Min Max X Y Width Height BFG BBG D	2.0
	Hex	FE 68	Index Min Max X Y Width Height BFG BBG D	
	ASCII	p h	Index Min Max X Y Width Height BFG BBG D	

Define a region of the screen to be used to display a new 9-slice bargraph identified by the specified index. New indices will overwrite old, invalid directions will default to 0, and inverted min and max values will be corrected.

Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired bargraph. Specific to bargraphs.
Min	Signed Short	Minimum bargraph value.
Max	Signed Short	Maximum bargraph value.
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the bargraph.
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the bargraph.
Width	Signed Short	Width of the bargraph.
Height	Signed Short	Height of the bargraph.
BFG	Byte	9-Slice buffer index of the foreground image.
BBG	Byte	9-Slice buffer index of the background image.
D	Byte	Direction that the bargraph will take, as per eBargraphOrientation values.

10.4 Update A Bargraph Value	Dec	254 105	Index Value	2.0
	Hex	FE 69	Index Value	
	ASCII	p i	Index Value	

Update the value of the specified bargraph. Value will be bounded to the bargraph minimum and maximum.

Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired bargraph. Specific to bargraphs.
Value	Signed Short	Current value of the bargraph.
Return Message	252 105 Length	Result
Result	Byte	Outcome of Update A Bargraph Value command, as pereErrorCode values.

10.5 Update Multiple Bargraph Values	Dec	254 106	Index Length Values	2.0
	Hex	FE 6A	Index Length Values	
	ASCII	p j	Index Length Values	

Update the values of the specified bargraphs. Values will be bounded to the bargraph minimum and maximum.

Index	Byte	Index used to identify the first desired bargraph. Specific to bargraphs.
Length	Byte	Length of the data to be transferred, in bytes.
Values	Signed Short(s)	Current values, one for each bargraph index to be updated.
Return Message	252 106 Length	Result
Result	Byte	Outcome of Set Multiple Bargraph Values command, as pereErrorCode values.

10.6 Clear All Bargraphs	Dec	254 107		2.0
	Hex	FE 6B		
	ASCII	p k		

Clear all bargraphs entries, erasing all attributes and setting all to an unused state.



10.7 Reset a Trace Value	Dec	254 109	Index	2.1
	Hex	FE 6D	Index	
	ASCII	p m	Index	
Clear all data from a specified trace, and erase the trace area. As a result, the next Update Trace command behaves as though it is the very first update after initialization.				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired trace. Specific to Traces.		

10.8 Reset Multiple Trace Values	Dec	254 110	Index Number	2.1
	Hex	FE 6E	Index Number	
	ASCII	p n	Index Number	
Clear all data from multiple specified traces, and erase the trace areas. As a result, the next update trace commands behave as though they are the very first updates after initialization.				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the first desired trace. Specific to Traces.		
Number	Byte	Number of trace entries to be reset.		

10.9 List All Traces	Dec	254 115	2.1
	Hex	FE 73	
	ASCII	p s	
Read a list of all traces. One entry is provided for each trace, an entry consists of the trace Index and a Value.			
Return Message	252 115 Length	ID Value	
Index	Byte	Trace index number. One for each entry. 0 signifies an undefined entry.	
Value	Signed Short	Current value of the trace. One for each entry.	

10.10 Initialize a Trace	Dec	254 116	Index X Y Width Height Min Max Step Style Red Green Blue	2.1
	Hex	FE 74	Index X Y Width Height Min Max Step Style Red Green Blue	
	ASCII	p t	Index X Y Width Height Min Max Step Style Red Green Blue	
Initialize a graph trace for later implementation. Traces defined in the same area with the same step and style can be updated simultaneously, as a multi-variable graph, using the Update Multiple Traces command. Individual traces can be updated using the Update a Trace command.				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired trace. Specific to Traces.		
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the trace region.		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the trace region.		
Width	Signed Short	Width of the trace region.		
Height	Signed Short	Height of the trace region.		
Min	Signed Short	Value displayed at the lowest point of the trace.		
Max	Signed Short	Value displayed at the highest point of the trace.		
Step	Byte	Number of pixels shifted when a trace is updated.		
Style	Byte	Orientation and Direction of the trace, as per eTraceType and Direction values. A style is created by summing values of individual attributes. For example, a Line with a Bottom Left origin, Shifting right has a Style value of 129.		
Red	Byte	Intensity of red for trace colour, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		
Green	Byte	Intensity of green for trace colour, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		
Blue	Byte	Intensity of blue for trace colour, 0 to 255, limited to display metrics.		



Table 26: eTraceTypeandDirection values

Value	Description
0	Bar
1	Line
2	Step
3	Box
0	Bottom Left
16	Left Up
32	Top Right
48	Right Down
64	Bottom Right
80	Left Down
96	Top Left
112	Right Up
0	Shift Toward Origin
128	Shift Away From Origin

10.11 Update a Trace	Dec	254 117	Index Value	2.1
	Hex	FE 75	Index Value	
	ASCII	p u	Index Value	

Update the value of the trace at the specified index. Trace will be bounded to the minimum and maximum.

Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired trace. Specific to Traces.
Value	Signed Short	Current value of the trace index to be updated.

10.12 Update Multiple Traces	Dec	254 118	Index Length Values	2.1
	Hex	FE 76	Index Length Values	
	ASCII	p v	Index Length Values	

Simultaneously update the values of numerous traces, useful for updating a multi-variable graph.

Index	Byte	Index used to identify the first desired trace. Specific to Traces.
Length	Byte	Number of trace values to be set.
Values	Signed Short(s)	Current values, one for each of the trace index to be updated.
Return Message	252 118 Length	Result
Result	Byte	Outcome of Update Multiple Traces command, as per errorCode values.

10.13 Clear All Traces	Dec	254 119	2.1
	Hex	FE 77	
	ASCII	p w	

Clear all trace entries from buffer memory, erasing all attributes and images, then setting all to an unused state.



10.14 Set Trace Min/Max	Dec	254 148	Index Min Max	2.2
	Hex	FE	Index Min Max	
	ASCII	p	Index Min Max	
Update the min and max values of the specified trace. Trace will update to new minimum and maximum values.				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the previously defined trace. Specific to Traces.		
Min	Signed Short	Minimum value for the specified trace.		
Max	Signed Short	Maximum value for the specified trace.		

10.15 Get Trace Min/Max	Dec	252 149	Index	2.2
	Hex	FE	Index	
	ASCII	p	Index	
Get the current min and max values of the specified trace.				
Index	Byte	Index used to identify the previously defined trace. Specific to Traces.		
Return Message	252 149 Length	Min Max		
Min	Signed Short	Current minimum value for the specified trace.		
Max	Signed Short	Current maximum value for the specified trace.		



2.11 Keypad

11.1 Clear Key Buffer	Dec	254 69		2.0
	Hex	FE 45		
	ASCII	␣ E		
Clear all saved key presses from the key buffer.				

11.2 Set Keypad Transmit Mode	Dec	254 79	AutoTransmit	2.0
	Hex	FE 4F	AutoTransmit	
	ASCII	␣ O	AutoTransmit	
Toggle auto transmission of key values. Can be used to poll the key buffer.				
AutoTransmit	Byte	Auto transmit mode, as per eOnOff values.		

Table 27: eOnOff values

Value	Description
0	Off
1	On

11.3 Set Debounce Time	Dec	254 85	Mode	2.0
	Hex	FE 55	Mode	
	ASCII	␣ U	Mode	
Set the time, in milliseconds, between a key press and a key read by the display. Most switches will bounce when pressed; the debounce time allows the switch to settle for an accurate read. Default is 64ms.				
Mode	Byte	Debounce time in milliseconds.		

11.4 Set Typematic Interval	Dec	254 158	Interval	2.0
	Hex	FE 9E	Interval	
	ASCII	␣ ž	Interval	
Set the interval between reported key presses when a key is held. Typematic mode only.				
Interval	Short	Time between key reports, in milliseconds, default is 200ms.		

11.5 Set Typematic Delay	Dec	254 159	Delay	2.0
	Hex	FE 9F	Delay	
	ASCII	␣ Ÿ	Delay	
Set the delay between the first key press and first typematic report when a key is held. Typematic mode only.				
Delay	Short	Time key must be held to trigger a report, in milliseconds, default is 1000ms.		



11.6 Set Auto Repeat Mode	Dec	254 165	Mode	2.0
	Hex	FE A5	Mode	
	ASCII	þ ¥	Mode	
Set key press repeat mode to typematic or hold. In typematic mode if a key press is held, by default the key value is transmitted immediately, then 5 times a second after a 1 second delay. In hold mode, the key down value is transmitted once when pressed, and then the key up value is sent when the key is released. Default is Off.				
Mode	Byte	Desired keypad auto repeat mode, as per eKeypadRepeatMode values.		

Table 28: eKeypadRepeatMode values

Value	Description
0	Off
1	Hold
2	Typematic

11.7 Assign Keypad Codes	Dec	254 213	Length KeyCodes
	Hex	FE D5	Length KeyCodes
	ASCII	þ Õ	Length KeyCodes
Assign values reported to the host when a key press is detected. Up to 25 keys may be defined.			
Length	Byte	Length of the data to be transferred, in bytes.	
KeyCodes	Byte(s)	A list of byte values for each key to be defined. Default values are 65 through 90.	



2.12 Touch

12.1 Create A Touch Region	Dec	254 132	Index X Y Width Height Up Down	2.0
	Hex	FE 84	Index X Y Width Height Up Down	
	ASCII	p ,,	Index X Y Width Height Up Down	

Create a region of the screen that responds to touch events with a defined single byte and visual update.

Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired touch region.
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the touch region.
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the touch region.
Width	Short	Width of the touch region.
Height	Short	Height of the touch region.
Up	Byte	Index of a loaded bitmap that is displayed when the region is released.
Down	Byte	Index of a loaded bitmap that is displayed when the region is touched.

12.2 Clear A Touch Region	Dec	254 133	Index	2.0
	Hex	FE 85	Index	
	ASCII	p ...	Index	

Clear the specified touch region entry from memory and screen, ensuring its events will no longer be reported.

Index	Byte	Index used to identify the desired touch region.
-------	-------------	--

12.3 Clear All Touch Regions	Dec	254 134		2.0
	Hex	FE 86		
	ASCII	p †		

Clear all touch regions, ensuring their touch events will no longer be reported.

12.4 Change Touch Reporting Style	Dec	254 135	ReportingType	2.0
	Hex	FE 87	ReportingType	
	ASCII	p ‡	ReportingType	

Customize the way in which touch events are reported. Default is Region Down.

ReportingType	Byte	Desired touch reporting style, as per eTouchReportingType values.
---------------	-------------	---

Table 29: eTouchReportingType values

Value	Description	Value	Description
0	Region None	8	Coord None
1	Region Down	9	Coord Down
2	Region Up	10	Coord Up
3	Region Up/Down	11	Coord Up/Down
4	Region Move	12	Coord Move
5	Region Move/Down	13	Coord Move/Down
6	Region Move/Up	14	Coord Move/Up
7	Region Move/Up/Down	15	Coord Move/Up/Down



12.5 Set Dragging Threshold	Dec	254 137	Threshold	2.0
	Hex	FE 89	Threshold	
	ASCII	p %	Threshold	
Set the distance a press is required to travel before a move event is reported. Precision will vary inversely to data transmitted; care should be taken to find a suitable balance. Distance is calculated as $[\Delta x]^2 + [\Delta y]^2 = d^2$.				
Threshold	Short	Dragging threshold value. Default is 3 pixels.		

12.6 Calibrate Touch Screen	Dec	254 139		2.0
	Hex	FE 8B		
	ASCII	p <		
Initiate the touch screen calibration sequence. After user input is complete a confirmation byte will be returned, new calibration settings will be loaded, and the calibration will be saved as \SYSTEM\touchcal.dat. Calibration can be restored from the file listed above at any time.				
Return Message	252 139 Length	Result		
Result	Byte	Outcome of Calibrate Touch Screen command, as per eCalibrationErrorCode values.		

Table 30: eCalibrationErrorCode values

Value	Description
1	Calibration Successful
12	Calibration Invalid

12.7 Load Region File	Dec	254 140	FileName	2.0
	Hex	FE 8C	FileName	
	ASCII	p Œ	FileName	
Load a group of touch region definitions from a file, old regions are cleared. See the Region File example.				
FileName	ASCII String	Filename, and path from the root folder, of the region file to load.		
Return Message	252 140 Length	Result		
Result	Byte	Outcome of Load Region File command, as per eErrorCode values.		

12.8 Restore Touch Calibration	Dec	254 141		2.0
	Hex	FE 8D		
	ASCII	p ☒		
Restore touch calibration using the data from \SYSTEM\touchcal.dat, if this file is present.				
Return Message	252 141 Length	Result		
Result	Byte	Outcome of Restore Touch Calibration command, as per eRestoreCalibrationErrorCode values.		

Table 31: eRestoreCalibrationErrorCode values

Value	Description
0	Restore Calibration Invalid
1	Restore Calibration Successful



12.9 Set Out of Region Setting	Dec	254 142	Setting	2.0
	Hex	FE 8E	Setting	
	ASCII	þ ž	Setting	

Set reporting status for out of region touch responses.

Setting	Byte	Desired out of region setting, as per eOnOff values. Default is Off.
---------	------	--

12.10 Get Out of Region Setting	Dec	254 143	2.0
	Hex	FE 8F	
	ASCII	þ ¯	

Read the current out of region setting.

Return Message	252 143 Length	Report
Report	Byte	Current out of region setting, as per eOnOff values.

12.11 Set Region Activation State	Dec	254 146	Index State	2.2
	Hex	FE 92	Index State	
	ASCII	þ Œ	Index State	

Set the activation state for a specific region. When a region is created, the default is activated.

Index	Byte	Region index used to identify an existing touch region.
State	Byte	Activation state, as per eEnable values.

12.12 Get Region Activation State	Dec	254 147	Index	2.2
	Hex	FE 93	Index	
	ASCII	þ ò	Index	

Get the current activation state of a specific region. An invalid touch region error will be returned if the specified index does not contain a previously defined region.

Index	Byte	Region index used to identify an existing touch region.
Return Message	252 147 Length	State
State	Byte	Current activation state, as per eEnable values.



2.13 Output

13.1 Set GPO State	Dec	254 73	Number Setting	2.0
	Hex	FE 49	Number Setting	
	ASCII	þ I	Number Setting	
Toggle the specified GPO on or off, sourcing up to 15mA current at 5V per GPO or sinking to ground.				
Number	Byte	GPO to be controlled.		
Setting	Byte	GPO state, as per eGPOSetting values.		

Table 32: eGPOSetting values

Value	Description
1	On
0	Off

13.2 Activate Motor	Dec	254 160	Frequency Duration	2.0
	Hex	FE A0	Frequency Duration	
	ASCII	þ	Frequency Duration	
Generate a vibration from the motor at the specified frequency for the defined duration.				
Frequency	Short	Frequency of the vibration in Hertz.		
Duration	Short	Duration of the vibration in milliseconds.		

13.3 Set Input Feedback	Dec	254 182	InputOutputType DownFrequency UpFrequency	2.0
	Hex	FE B6	InputOutputType DownFrequency UpFrequency	
	ASCII	þ ¶	InputOutputType DownFrequency UpFrequency	
Initiate autonomous feedback by specifying a 50 millisecond output event for specific input events.				
InputOutputType	Byte	Desired input event and output response types, as per eKeypadInputOutputType values. Multiple events and/or responses can be selected by summing values.		
DownFrequency	Short	Frequency of the down event in Hertz.		
UpFrequency	Short	Frequency of the up event in Hertz.		

Table 33: eKeypadInputOutputType values

Value	Description
0	None
1	Output Beep
2	Output Motor
4	Input Keypad
8	Input Touch

13.4 Activate Buzzer and Motor	Dec	254 183	Frequency Duration	2.1
	Hex	FE B7	Frequency Duration	
	ASCII	þ ·	Frequency Duration	
Generate a vibration from the motor and a tone from the piezo buzzer simultaneously, at the specified frequency for the defined interval.				
Frequency	Short	Frequency of the beep and vibration in Hertz.		
Duration	Short	Duration of the beep in milliseconds.		



13.5 Activate Buzzer	Dec	254 187	Frequency Duration	2.0
	Hex	FE BB	Frequency Duration	
	ASCII	␣ »	Frequency Duration	
Generate a tone from the piezo buzzer at the specified frequency for the defined duration.				
Frequency	Short	Frequency of the beep in Hertz.		
Duration	Short	Duration of the beep in milliseconds.		

13.6 Set Default Buzzer Beep	Dec	254 188	Frequency Duration	2.0
	Hex	FE BC	Frequency Duration	
	ASCII	␣ ¼	Frequency Duration	
Set the frequency and duration of the default beep transmitted when the bell character is transmitted.				
Frequency	Short	Frequency of the beep in Hertz.		
Duration	Short	Duration of the beep in milliseconds.		



2.14 Scripts

14.1 Run Script File	Dec	254 93	FileName	2.0
	Hex	FE 5D	FileName	
	ASCII	þ]	FileName	
Send an array of bytes saved in the specified script file as if it was received from the serial port. Sending data to the serial port is still possible, but it will queue up in the receive buffer and will only be parsed after the execution of the script file. Scripts may be stacked up to 10 deep.				
FileName	ASCII String	Filename, and path from the root folder, of the script file to run.		

14.2 Create a Scripted Region	Dec	254 131	ID X Y W H UpBitmap DownBitmap UpScript DownScript	2.1
	Hex	FE 83	ID X Y W H UpBitmap DownBitmap UpScript DownScript	
	ASCII	þ j	ID X Y W H UpBitmap DownBitmap UpScript DownScript	
Create a region that responds to a touch event by executing scripts, in addition to the normal visual and event updates. Scripts always execute, regardless of the current touch reporting style. If only one script is desired, use an empty string for the other script filename.				
ID	Byte	Index used to identify the desired touch region.		
X	Signed Short	Leftmost coordinate of the scripted touch region.		
Y	Signed Short	Topmost coordinate of the scripted touch region.		
W	Short	Width of the scripted touch region.		
H	Short	Height of the scripted touch region.		
UpBitmap	Byte	Index of the loaded bitmap displayed when the region is released.		
DownBitmap	Byte	Index of the loaded bitmap displayed when the region is pressed.		
UpScript	ASCII String	Filename of the script to be executed when the region is released.		
DownScript	ASCII String	Filename of the script to be executed when the region is pressed.		

14.3 Create a Scripted Key	Dec	254 138	ID Row Col UpScript DownScript	2.1
	Hex	FE 8A	ID Row Col UpScript DownScript	
	ASCII	þ Š	ID Row Col UpScript DownScript	
Designate a specific key that responds to a press event by executing scripts. Scripts always execute, regardless of the current key reporting style. If only one script is desired, use an empty string for the other script filename.				
ID	Byte	Index used to identify the desired key value.		
Row	Byte	Row index of the scripted key.		
Col	Byte	Column index of the scripted key.		
UpScript	ASCII String	Filename of the script to be executed when the key is released.		
DownScript	ASCII String	Filename of the script to be executed when the key is pressed.		



3 Appendix

3.1 Command Summary

Available commands below include identifying number, required parameters, the returned response and the response type.

Table 34: Basic Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Set Customer Data	52	34	4	Length, Data	None
Get Customer Data	53	35	5	None	Length, Data
Set Backlight Brightness	153	99	™	Brightness	None
Get Backlight Brightness	154	9A	š	None	Brightness
Write ScratchPad	204	CC	ì	Index, Length, Data	None
Read ScratchPad	205	CD	í	Index, Length	Length, Result

Table 35: Communication Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Enter Mass Storage Mode	4	04	[EOT]	None	None
Set Communication Channel	5	05	[ENQ]	Channel	None
Set Baud Rate	57	39	9	BaudRate	None
Set Flow Control Mode	58	3A	:	FlowControl	None
Set I2C Address	247	F7	÷	I2Caddress	None
Echo	255	FF	ÿ	Message	ReturnMessage

Table 36: Module Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Get Protocol Revision	0	00	[NUL]	None	Major, Minor
Reset Module	1	01	[SOH]	None	None
Delay	2	02	[STX]	Time	None
Get Display Metrics	3	03	[ETX]	None	Width, Height, BitsRed, BitsGreen, BitsBlue
Get Module Version	54	36	6	None	Major, Minor
Get Module Type	55	37	7	None	Module
Get Module String	56	38	8	None	ModuleString



Table 37: Drawing Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Set Background Drawing Colour	86	56	V	R, G, B	None
Get Background Drawing Colour	87	57	W	None	R, G, B
Clear Screen	88	58	X	None	None
Scroll Screen	89	59	Y	X, Y, Width, Height, MoveX, MoveY	None
Enable Manual Update	90	5A	Z	Enable	None
Manual Update	91	5B	[None	None
Flush Region	92	5C	\	X, Y, Width, Height	None
Set Drawing Colour	99	63	c	R, G, B	None
Get Drawing Colour	100	64	d	None	R, G, B
Continue Line	101	65	e	X, Y	None
Draw Line	108	6C	l	X1, Y1, X2, Y2	None
Draw Pixel	112	70	p	X, Y	None
Draw Rectangle	114	72	r	X, Y, Width, Height	None
Draw Filled Rectangle	120	78	x	X, Y, Width, Height	None
Draw Circle	123	7B	{	X, Y, Radius	None
Draw Filled Circle	124	7C		X, Y, Radius	None
Draw an Ellipse	125	7D	}	X, Y, XRadius, YRadius	None
Draw a Filled Ellipse	126	7E	~	X, Y, XRadius, YRadius	None
Draw Rounded Rectangle	127	7F	□	X, Y, Width, Height, Radius	None
Draw Filled Rounded Rectangle	128	80	€	X, Y, Width, Height, Radius	None
Draw Triangle	129	81	▢	X1, Y1, X2, Y2, X3, Y3	None
Draw Filled Triangle	130	82	,	X1, Y1, X2, Y2, X3, Y3	None

Table 38: Buffers Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Load Font	40	28	(Index, FileName	Result
Load Bitmap	95	5F	_	Index, FileName	Result
Copy Screen Rectangle	96	60	`	Index, X, Y, Width, Height	None
Load 9-Slice	144	90	▣	Index, Filename	Result
Load Animation	192	C0	À	Index, Filename	None
Clear A Buffer	208	D0	Ð	Type, Index	None
Clear All Buffers	209	D1	Ñ	None	None



Table 39: Text Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Create a Label	16	10	[DLE]	Index, X, Y, Width, Height, Rot, VJst, HJst, Font, R, G, B	None
Update a Label	17	11		Index, Format, Value	None
Print Unicode String	36	24	\$	Length, Text	None
Print UTF-8 String	37	25	%	Text	None
Set Control Character Mode	38	26	&	Mode	None
Get Control Character Mode	39	27	'	None	Mode
Get String Extents	42	2A	*	Text	Width, Height
Set Text Window	43	2B	+	X, Y, Width, Height	None
Get Text Window	44	2C	,	None	X, Y, Width, Height
Reset Font	45	2D	-	None	None
Set Text Colour	46	2E	.	R, G, B	None
Get Text Colour	47	2F	/	None	R, G, B
Get Font	48	30	0	None	Index
Set Font	49	31	1	Index	Result
Set Font Size	51	33	3	PtSize	None
Get Font Size	61	3D	=	None	PtSize
Go Home	72	48	H	None	None
Set Text Insertion Point	121	79	y	X, Y	None
Get Text Insertion Point	122	7A	z	None	X, Y
Set Font Rendering Style	211	D3	Ó	RenderType	None
Set Font Anchor Style	212	D4	Ô	AnchorType	None

Table 40: Bitmaps Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Display Bitmap	97	61	a	Index, X, Y	Result
Set Bitmap Transparency	98	62	b	Index, R, G, B	Result

Table 41: NineSlices Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Display 9-Slice	145	91	'	Index, X, Y, Width, Height	None



Table 42: Animations Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Set Up Animation	193	C1	Á	Index, AnimationNum, X, Y	None
Start/Stop Animation	194	C2	Â	AnimationNum, State	None
Set Animation Frame	195	C3	Ã	AnimationNum, Frame	None
Get Animation Frame	196	C4	Ä	AnimationNum	Frame
Stop All Animations	198	C6	Æ	None	None
Clear Animation	199	C7	Ç	AnimationNum	None
Clear All Animations	200	C8	È	None	None
Resume All Animations	201	C9	É	None	None

Table 43: Graphs Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
List All Bargraphs	102	66	f	None	BarType, BarValue
Define A Plain Bargraph	103	67	g	Index, Min, Max, X, Y, Width, Height, FGR, FGG, FGB, BGR, BGG, BGB, D	None
Define A 9-Slice Bargraph	104	68	h	Index, Min, Max, X, Y, Width, Height, BFG, BBG, D	None
Update A Bargraph Value	105	69	i	Index, Value	Result
Update Multiple Bargraph Values	106	6A	j	Index, Length, Values	Result
Clear All Bargraphs	107	6B	k	None	None
Reset a Trace Value	109	6D	m	Index	None
Reset Multiple Trace Values	110	6E	n	Index, Number	None
List All Traces	115	73	s	None	Index, Value
Initialize a Trace	116	74	t	Index, X, Y, Width, Height, Min, Max, Step, Style, Red, Green, Blue	None
Update a Trace	117	75	u	Index, Value	None
Update Multiple Traces	118	76	v	Index, Length, Values	Result
Clear All Traces	119	77	w	None	None
Set Trace Min/Max	148	94	ö	Index, Min, Max	None
Get Trace Min/Max	149	95	ò	Index	Min, Max

Table 44: Keypad Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Clear Key Buffer	69	45	E	None	None
Set Keypad Transmit Mode	79	4F	O	AutoTransmit	None
Set Debounce Time	85	55	U	Mode	None
Set Typematic Interval	158	9E	ž	Interval	None
Set Typematic Delay	159	9F	ÿ	Delay	None
Set Auto Repeat Mode	165	A5	¥	Mode	None
Assign Keypad Codes	213	D5	Ŧ	Length, KeyCodes	None



Table 45: Touch Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Create A Touch Region	132	84	„	Index, X, Y, Width, Height, Up, Down	None
Clear A Touch Region	133	85	...	Index	None
Clear All Touch Regions	134	86	†	None	None
Change Touch Reporting Style	135	87	‡	ReportingType	None
Set Dragging Threshold	137	89	‰	Threshold	None
Calibrate Touch Screen	139	8B	‹	None	Result
Load Region File	140	8C	Œ	FileName	Result
Restore Touch Calibration	141	8D	Ⓢ	None	Result
Set Out of Region Setting	142	8E	Ž	Setting	None
Get Out of Region Setting	143	8F	Ⓢ	None	Report
Set Region Activation State	146	92	Æ	Index, State	None
Get Region Activation State	147	93	ô	Index	State

Table 46: Output Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Set GPO State	73	49	l	Number, Setting	None
Activate Motor	160	A0		Frequency, Duration	None
Set Input Feedback	182	B6	¶	InputOutputType, DownFrequency, UpFrequency	None
Activate Buzzer and Motor	183	B7	·	Frequency, Duration	None
Activate Buzzer	187	BB	»	Frequency, Duration	None
Set Default Buzzer Beep	188	BC	¼	Frequency, Duration	None

Table 47: Scripts Commands

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response
Run Script File	93	5D]	FileName	None
Create a Scripted Region	131	83	f	ID, X, Y, W, H, UpBitmap, DownBitmap, UpScript, DownScript	None
Create a Scripted Key	138	8A	Š	ID, Row, Col, UpScript, DownScript	None



3.2 Data Types

Common Language Representations

The following table outlines native data types in common programming languages that can be used to represent the data types used in this manual.

Table 48: Data Types with Representations

	ANSI C/C++	C#	Visual Basic
Byte	unsigned char	byte	Byte
Signed Byte	signed char	sbyte	SByte
Short	unsigned short	ushort	UShort
Signed Short	short	short	Short
Integer	unsigned int	uint	UInteger
Signed Integer	int	int	Integer
String	string	string	String

Table 49: Data Type Descriptions

Byte	Unsigned 8 bit data type that can represent a value from 0 to 255.
Signed Byte	Signed 8 bit data type that can represent a value from -128 to 127.
Short*	Unsigned 16 bit data type can represent values from 0 to 65,536.
Signed Short*	Signed 16 bit data type that can represent values from -32,768 to 32,767.
Integer *	Unsigned 32 bit data type that can represent values from 0 to 4,294,967,295.
Signed Integer*	Signed 32 bit data type that can represent values of -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483.
String	Strings are a multiple character bytes terminated by a single null byte. The ASCII character set is used by default, but Unicode or UTF-8 strings may be used where specifically outlined.

***Note:** Transmission of multiple byte values follows big endian order.

3.3 Colour Codes

Table 50: Basic Colour Codes

Colour	Red	Green	Blue	Colour	Red	Green	Blue
Red	255	0	0	White	255	255	255
Turquoise	0	255	255	Light Grey	192	192	192
Light Blue	0	0	255	Dark Grey	128	128	128
Dark Blue	0	0	160	Black	0	0	0
Light Purple	255	0	128	Orange	255	128	64
Dark Purple	128	0	128	Brown	128	64	0
Yellow	255	255	0	Burgundy	128	0	0
Pastel Green	0	255	0	Forest Green	128	128	0
Pink	255	0	255	Grass Green	64	128	128



4 Definitions

9-Slice: Graphic format used to scale bitmaps, usually rectangular, without distorting their geometry. Nine regions define the object center, four corners, and four sides for accurate up or down scaling.

ASCII: American standard code for information interchange used to give standardized numeric codes to alphanumeric characters.

Big Endian: Transmission protocol whereby the most significant byte is transmitted first.

BPS: Bits per second, a measure of transmission speed.

GUI: Graphical user interface.

Hexadecimal: A base 16 number system utilizing symbols 0 through F to represent the values 0-15.

I²C: Inter-integrated circuit protocol uses clock and data lines to communicate short distances at slow speeds from a master to up to 128 addressable slave devices. A display is a slave device.

LSB: Least significant bit or byte in a transmission, the rightmost when read.

MSB: Most significant bit or byte in a transmission, the leftmost when read.

RS232: Recommended standard 232, a common serial protocol. A low level is -30V, a high is +30V.

RS422: Recommended standard 422, a more robust differential pair serial protocol.

SDA: Serial data line used to transfer data in I²C protocol. This open drain line should be pulled high through a resistor. Nominal values are between 1K and 10K Ω.

SCL: Serial clock line used to designate data bits in I²C protocol. This open drain line should be pulled high through a resistor. Nominal values are between 1K and 10K Ω.

TTL: Transistor-transistor logic applied to serial protocol. Low level is 0V while high logic is 5V.

TFT: Thin film transistor, used in reference to a crisp, full-colour LCD technology.

USB: Universal Serial Bus protocol widely used in PCs.

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