

## WINSTAR Display

## **OLED SPECIFICATION**

Model No:

WEO012832KWPP3N00000



## SPECIFICATION

## **Version: N**

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MODULE NO.: WEO012832KWPP3N00000

## **APPROVED BY:**

( FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY )

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		No P
RELEASE DATE:		

APPROVAL FOR SPECIFICATIONS ONLY

**APPROVAL FOR SPECIFICATIONS AND SAMPLE** 

## **MODEL NO:**

REC	ORDS OF REV	ISION	DOC. FIRST ISSUE
VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	SUMMARY
0	2018/06/20		First release
А	2018/09/04		modify interface selection
В	2018/11/02		Modify circuit diagram of the Application recommendations
С	2018/11/27		Modify Static electricity test Content of Test
D	2019/09/02	10	Modify Precautions in use of OLED Modules
E	2019/12/18		Modify Reliability Test and measurement conditions & Inspection specification:" Accept no dense" modify to "ignore"& Precautions
F	2020/08/27		Modify Inspection specification
G	2020/11/18		Modify Storage Precautions
Н	2021/02/25		Modify Precautions in use of OLED Modules
	2021/10/27		Modify OLED Lifetime Conditions  Description
J	2022/10/04		Modify Reliability Test and measurement conditions
K	2022/11/30		Modify Contrast Ratio
L	2023/04/26		Modify Lifetime note

M	2023/05/18	Modify the inspection criteria name of the inspection specification
N	2023/07/04	1.Modify Initial code 2.Modify Brightness 3.Optical Characteristics add note

## **Contents**

- 1.Module Classification Information
- 2.General Specification
- 3. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram
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- 8.OLED Lifetime
- 9.Reliability
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- 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

## **1.Module Classification Information**

# 

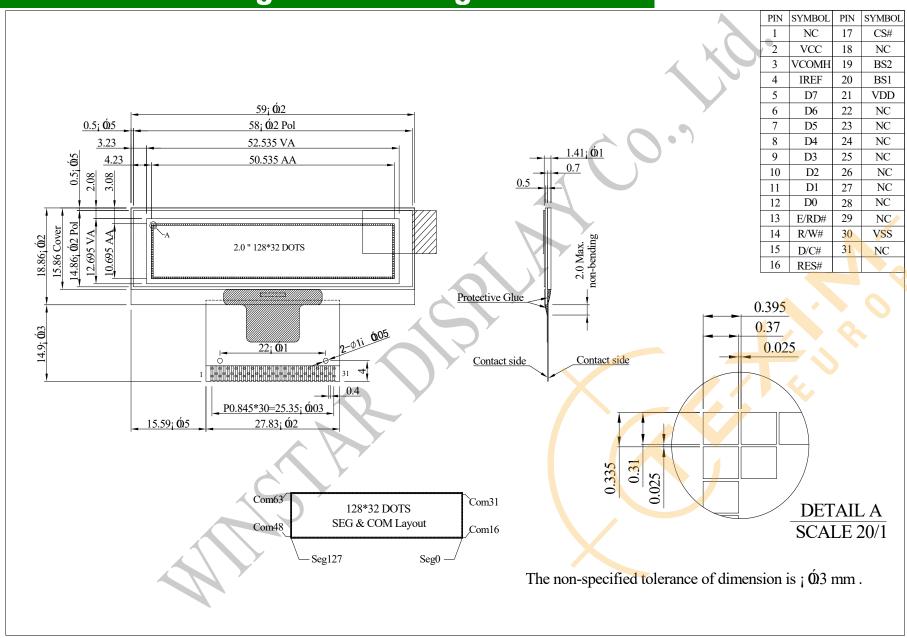
1	Brand : WINST	AR DISPLAY CORPORA	ATION					
2	E: OLED			A .				
		H: COB Character	G:COB Graphic					
	D: 1 T	O: COG	F: COG + FR	4 70				
3	Display Type	P: COG + FR + PCB	X: TAB					
		A: COG + PCB		7				
4	Dot Matrix: 12	x: 128 * 32						
5	Serials code							
		A: Amber	R : Red	C : Full Color				
6	Emitting Color	B: Blue	W: White					
0	Emitting Color	G: Green	L: Yellow					
		S: Sky Blue	X : Dual Color					
7	Polarizer		P: With Polarizer; N: Without Polarizer					
		A : Anti-glare Polarize						
8	Display Mode							
9	Driver Voltage	3:3.0~3.3V; 5:5		4.				
10	Touch Panel	N : Without touch pane	el; T: With touch panel					
		0 : Standard						
		1 : Daylight Readable						
11	Product type	2 : Transparent OLED (TOLED)						
		3 : Flexible OLED (FOLED)						
		4 : OLED Lighting		4				
		0 : Standard						
12	Inspection	2 : Special grade						
	Grade	C : Automotive grade						
	N 7	Y : Consumer grade	00 11 11 11 550 5	D 161				
13	Option	·	PC ; H:Hot bar FPC; D:	Demo Kit				
14	Serial No.	Serial numbe <mark>r</mark> (00~99)						

## 2.General Specification

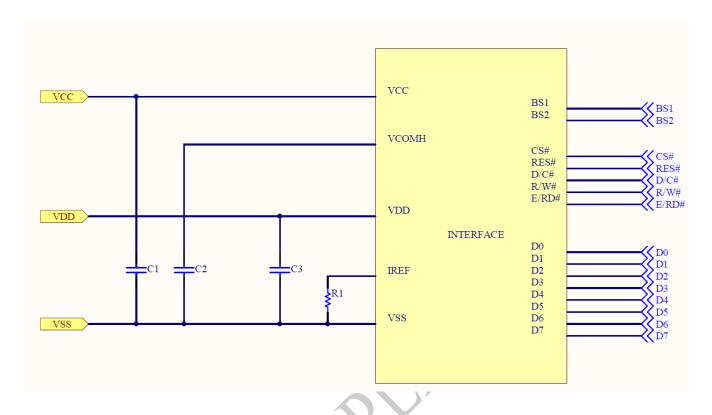
Item	Dimension	Unit
Dot Matrix	128 x 32	Dots
Module dimension	59.0× 18.86 × 1.41	mm
Active Area	50.535 ×10.695	mm
Pixel Size	0.370 × 0.310	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.395 × 0.335	mm
Display Mode	Passive Matrix	
Display Color	White	
Interface	8Bits 68xx 80xx/ 4-Wire SPI/ I2	2C
Drive Duty	1/32 Duty	
IC	SSD1315	
Size	2.0 inch	



## 3. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram



## 3.1 Application recommendations



Recommended components:

C1, C2: 4.7uF

C3: 1.0uF

Bus Interface selection: (Must be set the BS[2:1], refer to item 4) 8-bits 6800 and 8080 parallel, 3 and 4-wire SPI, I2C

Voltage at IREF = VCC - 3V. For VCC = 8V, IREF = 30uA:

R1 = (Voltage at IREF - VSS) / IREF

 $= (8 - 3) / 30u \approx 166 \text{K ohm}$ 

## 4. Interface Pin Function

No.	Symbol	Function
1	NC	No connection
2	VCC	Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin. When charge pump is enabled, a capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
3	VСОМН	COM signal deselected voltage level
4.	IREF	This is segment output current reference pin. When external IREF is used, a resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS to maintain the IREF current at 30uA.
5	D7	
6	D6	These are 8 hit hi directional data has to be connected to the
7	D5	These are 8-bit bi-directional data bus to be connected to the microprocessor's data bus. When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will
8	D4	be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN.
9	D3	When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as
10	D2	SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL.
11	D1	obt tout, obt the application and bo is the serial clock input, occ.
12	D0	
13	E/RD#	This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled HIGH and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected. When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS.
14	R/W#	This is read / write control input pin connecting to the MCU interface. When interfacing to a 6800-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled HIGH (i.e. connect to VDD) and write mode when LOW. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled LOW and the chip is selected.  When serial or I2C interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS.
15	D/C#	This pin is Data/Command control pin connecting to the MCU. When the pin is pulled HIGH, the data at D[7:0] will be interpreted as data. When the pin is pulled LOW, the data at D[7:0] will be transferred to a command register.
16	RES#	This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is pulled LOW, initialization of the chip is executed. Keep this pin HIGH (i.e. connect to VDD) during normal operation.
17	CS#	This pin is the chip select input connecting to the MCU. The chip is enabled for MCU communication only when CS# is pulled LOW (active LOW).

18					
BS2   described in the following table. BS2, BS1 are pin select	18	NC	No connection		
BS[2:1]	19	BS2			
D1					
BS1			00	4 line SPI	
10 8-bit 6800 parallel Note (1) 0 is connected to VSS (2) 1 is connected to VDD  21 VDD Power supply pin for core logic operation. This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.  22 NC 23 NC 24 NC 25 NC 26 NC 27 NC 28 NC 29 NC 30 VSS Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.			01	I2C	
10 8-bit 6800 parallel Note (1) 0 is connected to VSS (2) 1 is connected to VDD  21 VDD Power supply pin for core logic operation. This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.  22 NC 23 NC 24 NC 25 NC 26 NC 27 NC 28 NC 29 NC 30 VSS Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.	20	BS1	11	8-bit 8080 parallel	
(1) 0 is connected to VSS (2) 1 is connected to VDD  21 VDD Power supply pin for core logic operation. This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.  22 NC 23 NC 24 NC 25 NC 26 NC 27 NC 28 NC 29 NC  30 VSS Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.			10	8-bit 6800 parallel	
(2) 1 is connected to VDD			Note		
This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.    22   NC					
23         NC           24         NC           25         NC           26         NC           27         NC           28         NC           29         NC           30         VSS         Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.	21	VDD			
24         NC           25         NC           26         NC           27         NC           28         NC           29         NC           30         VSS         Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.	22	NC			(0)
25         NC           26         NC           27         NC           28         NC           29         NC           30         VSS         Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.	23	NC			4
26 NC 27 NC 28 NC 29 NC 30 VSS Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.	24	NC			
26 NC 27 NC 28 NC 29 NC 30 VSS Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.	25	NC	No connection		
28 NC 29 NC 30 VSS Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.	26	NC			
29 NC 30 VSS Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.	27	NC		_	
30 VSS Ground pin. It must be connected to external ground.	28	NC			) Y
	29	NC			
31 NC No connection	30	VSS	Ground pin. It r	must be connected to	external ground.
	31	NC	No connection		

## **5.Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	-0.3	-	4	V	1,2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	0	-	18	V	1,2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	ı	+80	°C	10
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	-	+85	°C	<b>D</b> Y -

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section6 "Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.



## **6.Electrical Characteristics**

### 6.1 DC Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, VSS = 0V, VDD = 2.8 - 3.3V (Ta =  $25^{\circ}$ C)

Ite	ems	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply	Logic	VDD	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Voltage	Operating	VCC	7.5	8.0	8.5	>
Input	High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.8 x VDD	-	VDD	V
Voltage	Low Voltage	$V_{IL}$	0	-	0.2 x VDD	V
Output	High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	0.9 x VDD		VDD	V
Voltage	Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	0	-	0.1 x VDD	V

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур. Мах	Unit	Condition
ICC	VCC Supply Current	- /	11 22	mA	VDD=3V , VCC=8.0, Display 50% ON

### 6.2 Initial code

void initial\_SSD1315(void){

Write\_Command(0xAE); // Display Off

Write Command(0xD5); //SET DISPLAY CLOCK

Write\_Command(0xC1); //105HZ

Write Command(0xA8); // Select Multiplex Ratio

Write\_Command(0x1F);

Write Command(0xD3); //Setting Display Offset

Write\_Command(0x00); //00H Reset

Write\_Command(0x40); //Set Display Start Line

Write\_Command(0x8D); //Set Charge Pump

Write\_Command(0x10); //Disable Charge Pump

Write\_Command(0xA1); //Set Segment Re-Map Default

//0xA0 (0x00) => column Address 0 mapped to 127//0xA1 (0x01) => Column Address 127 mapped to 0

Write\_Command(0xC8); //Set COM Output Scan Direction

// 0xC0 (0x00) => normal mode (RESET) Scan from COM0 to

COM[N-1];Where N is the Multiplex ratio.

// 0xC8 (0xC8) => remapped mode. Scan from COM[N-1] to

COM0;;Where N is the Multiplex ratio.

Write\_Command(0xDA); //Set COM Hardware Configuration

Write\_Command(0x12); //Alternative COM Pin

//(0x02)=> A4=0;Sequential COM pin configuration;

A5=0;Disable COM Left/Right remap

Write\_Command(0x81); //Set Contrast Control

Write\_Command(0x7F);

Write\_Command(0xD9); //Set Pre-Charge period

Write\_Command(0x22);

Write Command(0xDB); //Set Deselect Vcomh level

```
Write_Command(0x20);

Write_Command(0xD3); //OFFSET
Write_Command(32);

Write_Command(0xA4); //Entire Display ON

Write_Command(0xA6); //Set Normal Display

Write_Command(0xAF); // Display ON

}
```

Note 1: Initial code is for reference only. Please make the best adjustment with the OLED module.

Note 2: Command: Set Contrast Control (0x81), This command sets the Contrast Setting of the display. The chip has 255 contrast steps from 01h to FFh. The segment output current increases as the contrast step value increases. The segment current increases, the OLED brightness increases.

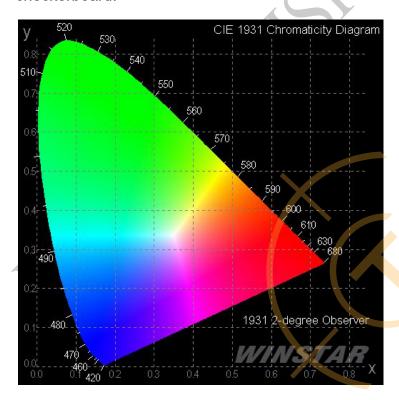


## **7.Optical Characteristics**

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ	_	160	_	_	deg
View Aligie	(Η)φ	_	160	_	7	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	10,000:1	_	K-C	<b>y</b> -
Response Time	T rise	_	_	10	7	μs
Nesponse Time	T fall	_	_	10	_	μs
Display with 50% checkerboard Brightness <sup>(1)</sup>			100	120	_	cd/m <sup>2</sup>
CIEx(White) (CIE1931)			0.26	0.28	0.30	_
CIEy(White)		(CIE1931)	0.30	0.32	0.34	_

#### Note:

- 1. The brightness value is based on the setting of VCC(VPP) equal to the Typical value.
- 2. 50% checkerboard means half of the display area turn on & half area turn off, shown as a checkerboard.



## 8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% checkerboard brightness Typical Value	20,000 Hrs		Note

#### Note:

- 1. Lifetime is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the minimal brightness.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.
- 4. Lifetime is not guaranteed one but expected lifetime in normal condition.



## 9. Reliability

**Content of Reliability Test** 

Environmental Test				
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard	
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	85°C 240hrs	- 3	
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	-1	
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80°C 240hrs	2.7	
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs		
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 240hrs		
High Temperature/ Humidity Operation	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity Operation for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 120hrs		
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle.  -40°C 25°C 80°C  30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-40°C /80°C 30 cycles		
Mechanical Te	et , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	Frequency:10~55Hz amplitude:1.5mm Time:0.5hrs/axis Test axis:X,Y,Z		
Others				
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the finished product housing.	Air Discharge model ±4kv,10 times		

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25°C

#### Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the functional test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels on/off exchange is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle.
- 4. No Condensation.

#### **Evaluation criteria**

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

#### **APPENDIX:**

#### **RESIDUE IMAGE**

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.



## 10.Inspection specification

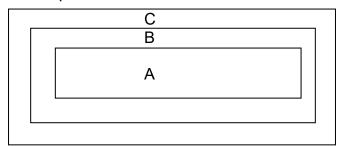
### **Inspection Standard:**

MIL-STD-105E table normal inspection single sample level II.

#### **Definition**

- 1 Major defect: The defect that greatly affect the usability of product.
- 2 Minor defect: The other defects, such as cosmetic defects, etc.

Definition of inspection zone:



Zone A: Active Area

Zone B: Viewing Area except Zone A

Zone C: Outside Viewing Area

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble of quality and assembly to customer's product.

### **Inspection Methods**

- 1 The general inspection: Under fluorescent light illumination: 750~1500 Lux, about 30cm viewing distance, within 45° viewing angle, under 25±5°C.
- 2 The luminance and color coordinate inspection : By SR-3 or BM-7 or the equal equipments, in the dark room, under 25±5°C.

NO	Item	Criterion	
01	Electrical Testing	<ul> <li>1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect.</li> <li>1.2 Missing character, dot or icon.</li> <li>1.3 Display malfunction.</li> <li>1.4 No function or no display.</li> <li>1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications.</li> <li>1.6 OLED viewing angle defect.</li> <li>1.7 Mixed product types.</li> <li>1.8 Contrast defect.</li> </ul>	0.65
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	<ul> <li>2.1 White and black spots on display ≤0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present.</li> <li>2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm.</li> </ul>	2.5

NO	Item	Criterion			AQL	
	OLED black spots, white spots, contamination (non-display)	3.1 Round type : As following drawing Φ=(x+y)/2	SIZE $\Phi \le 0.10$ $0.10 < \Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.25$ $0.25 < \Phi$	Acceptable QTY ignore 2 1	Zone A+ B A+ B A+ B A+ B	2.5
03		3.2 Line type : (As	following drawing)	(0.,		
		Length  L≤3.0  L≤2.5	W≦0.02 0.02 <w≦0.03< td=""><td></td><td>Zone A+B A+B A+B</td><td>2.5</td></w≦0.03<>		Zone A+B A+B A+B	2.5
04	Polarizer bubbles /Dent	4.1 If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction.  4.2 The polarizer d	Size $\Phi$ $\Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.50$ $0.50 < \Phi \le 1.00$ $1.00 < \Phi$ Total Q TY	Acceptable Q TY ignore 3 2 0 3 ecification.	Zone A+B A+B A+B A+B	2.5
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contamination.				

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
06	Chipped glass	Symbols Define:     x: Chip length	2.5
		⊙ If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.	
06	Glass crack	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2.5

NO	Item	Criterion		
06	Glass crack	6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:    Variable   Variable	2.5	
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.		
08	Backlight elements	8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards.		
09	Bezel	8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.  9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.  9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.		
10	PCB, COB	<ul> <li>9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.</li> <li>10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination.</li> <li>10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.</li> <li>10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram.</li> <li>10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.</li> <li>10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals.</li> <li>10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts.</li> <li>10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart.</li> <li>10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.</li> </ul>		

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
11	Soldering	<ul> <li>11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB.</li> <li>11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle.</li> <li>11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB.</li> <li>11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.</li> </ul>	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65
12	General appearance	<ul> <li>12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.</li> <li>12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.</li> <li>12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.</li> <li>12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.</li> <li>12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.</li> <li>12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.</li> <li>12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins.</li> <li>12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet.</li> <li>12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.</li> </ul>	2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 0.65

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Dark Pixel	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Mormal B Dark Pixel C Hill Light Pixel

## 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

### **Modules**

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, change the components or modify its shape of OLED display module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (5) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (6) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (7) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (8) Hot-Bar FPC soldering condition: 280~350C, less than 5 seconds.
- (9) Winstar has the right to change the passive components (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.) and change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Winstar have the right to modify the version.)
- (10) Winstar has the right to upgrade or modify the product function.
- (11) For COG & COF structure OLED products, customers should reserve VCC (VPP) adjustment function or software update function when designing OLED supporting circuit. (The progress of OLED light-emitting materials will increase the conversion efficiency and the brightness. The brightness can be adjusted if necessary).

### 11.1. Handling Precautions

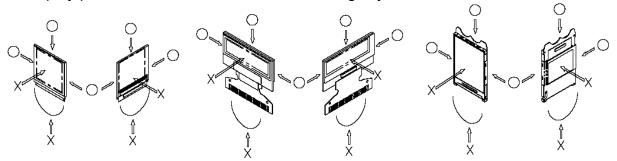
- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such as dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged. So, be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage by using following adhesion tape.
- \* Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.

Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- \* Water
- \* Ketone
- \* Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (7) Do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
- \* Pins and electrodes

- \* Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC
- (8) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- (9) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
- \* Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- \* Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- \* To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
- \* Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.

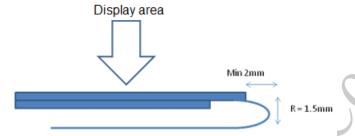
### 11.2. Storage Precautions

- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags to avoid be directly exposed to sun or lights of fluorescent lamps. And, also, place in the temperature 25±5°C and Humidity below 65% RH.(We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Winstar. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags.)
- (2) When the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high temperature or high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded if electric current is applied. Please store it in clean environment.

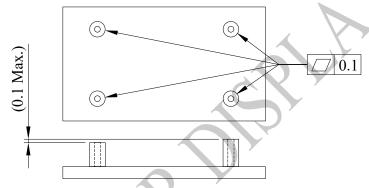
### 11.3. Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, OLED display module may be damaged.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specification and to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD / VCC). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the nearby devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) If the power supplied to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
- \* Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.
- (7) If this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur and semiconductor

- elements may change their characteristics.
- (8) The internal status may be changed, if excessive external noise enters into the module. Therefore, it is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect module from influences of noise on the system design.
- (9) We recommend you to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
- (10) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use the same image for long time in real application. When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern, an afterimage or slight contrast deviation may occur.
- (11) The limitation of FPC and Film bending.



(12) The module should be fixed balanced into the housing, or the module may be twisted.



(13) Please heat up a little the tape sticking on the components when removing it; otherwise the components might be damaged.

### 11.4. Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

(1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

#### **Disclaimer**

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Please contact us if you have any questions about the contents of the datasheet.

This may not be the latest version of the datasheet. Please check with us if a later version is available.



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